Medical Assistance in Dying

Regulatory Perspective

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Overview

1. Background

2. CPSO's work

3. Practice & Compliance Issues





Disclosures

- No financial disclosures
- I am
 - Head of Policy at CPSO
 - Lead on CPSO MAID file

I was an affiant in CPSO Litigation



Background

The Supreme Cou MRAs develop guidance based inal Code prohibition on Carter for 'interim period' anted patients from getting as MRAs revise guidance based on







Federal law

Carter decision
1 Year
Suspension

1 Federal Government 13 Provincial/Territorial 13 MRAs

Federal law in force



MRA Work

Majority of MRAs have a resource on MAID

- → Reflect federal law
- → Address gaps/practice issues:
 - Guiding principles
 - Interpretation of eligibility criteria
 - Conscientious Objections
 - Drug Protocols & Prescribing
 - Record Keeping & documentation

Legal mandate: Regulate the profession to protect and serve the public interest



Ontario

- Ontario College of Family Physicians
- Ontario Hospital Association
- Canadian Medical Association
- Joint Centre for Bioethics U of Toronto



Ontario College of Pharmacists College of Nurses of Ontario





CPSO's work



COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS OF ONTARIO

POLICY STATEMENT #4-16

Pre-Federal L



Interim Guidance on **Physician-Assisted Death**

APPROVED BY COUNCIL: PUBLICATION DATE:

RELATED TOPICS:

Physician-Assisted Death; Supreme Court of Canada; Carter v. Canada; Competent Adult; Decision-Making Capacity; Consent; Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedom; Consciention Objection; Reconciling Rights; Effective Referral; Sample Process Map.

The Practice Guide; Consent to Treatment; Medical Records; Planning for and Providing Quality End-of-Life Care; Professional Obligations and Human Rights.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES:

Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms, Part I of the Constitution Act, 1982, being Schedule B to the Canada Act 1982 (UK), 1982, c 11; Health Care Consent Act, 1996, S.O. 1996, c.2, Sched. A.

Carter v. Canada (Attorney General), 2015 SCC 5; Carter v. Canada (Attorney General), 2016 SCC 4. REFERENCE MATERIALS:

COLLEGE CONTACTS: Public and Physician Advisory Service

Medical Assistance in Dying

June 2016 APPROVED BY COUNCIL:

REVIEWED AND UPDATED: June 2016

PUBLICATION DATE: Posted Online June 2016

KEY WORDS: Medical Assistance in Dying: Physician-Assisted Death; Supreme Court of Canada; Carter v. Canada; Federal Legislation; Competent Adult; Decision-Making Capacity; Consent; Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms,

Conscientious Objection; Reconciling Rights; Effective Referral; Sample

RELATED TOPICS: The Practice Guide; Consent to Treatment; Mandatory and Permissive Reporting: Medical Records; Planning for and Providing Quality End-of-Life

Care; Professional Obligations and Human Rights.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES: Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms, Part I of the Constitution Act,

1982, being Schedule B to the Canada Act 1982 (UK), 1982, c 11; Coroners Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. C. 37; Criminal Code, R.S.C., 1985, c. C-46; Health Care Consent Act,

1996, S.O. 1996, c.2, Sched, A.

REFERENCE MATERIALS: Carter v. Canada (Attorney General), 2015 SCC 5.

OTHER RESOURCES: Fact Sheet: Ensuring Access to Care - Effective Referral

Public and Physician Advisory Service COLLEGE CONTACTS:

The Practice Guide; Consent to Treatment; Mandatory and Permissive Reporting; Medical Records; Planning for and Providing Quality End-of-Life Care; Professional Obligations and Human Rights.

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REFERENCE MATERIALS: Carter v. Canada (Attorney General). 2015 SCC 5.

Fact Sheet: Ensuring Access to Care – Effective Referral

COLLEGE CONTACTS: Public and Physician Advisory Service

Federal Law



College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario

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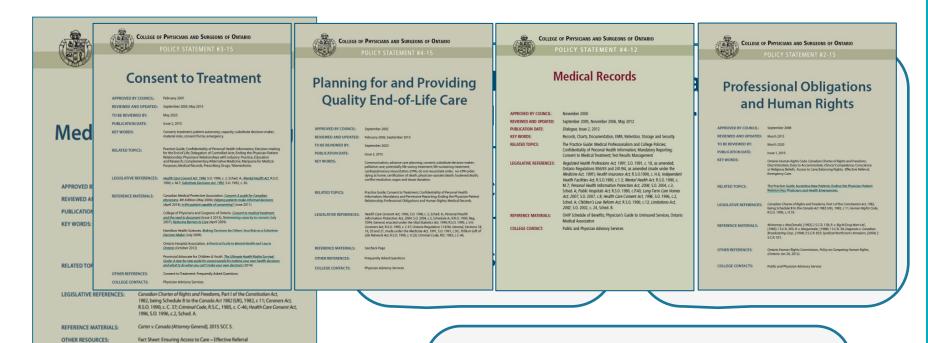
REFERENCE MATERIALS Carter v. Canada (Attorney General), 2015 SCC 5.

COLLEGE CONTACTS: Public and Physician Advisory Service

MAID policy

COLLEGE CONTACTS:

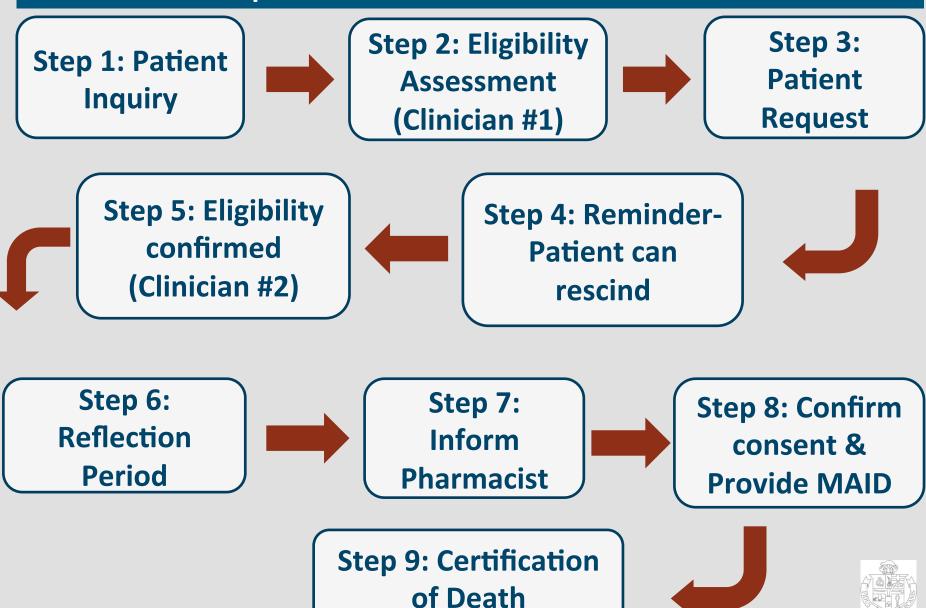
Public and Physician Advisory Service



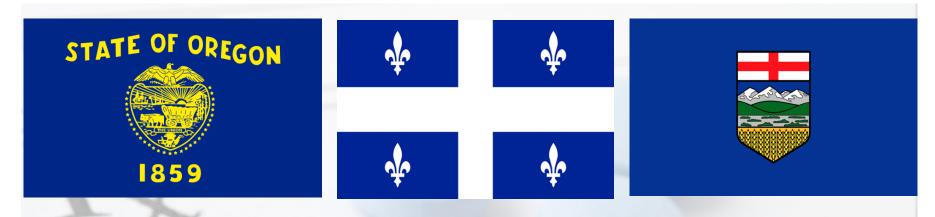
Fills Gaps:

- ✓ Record Keeping
- ✓ Conscientious Objection:Effective referral obligation

Process Map



Prescribing & Drug Protocols



- Protocols available: members' only page
- Resources, no protocol is recommended
- Prescribing decisions = matter of professional judgement

Conscientious Objection: 'Effective Referral'

Objecting physicians do not have to provide MAID; they do have to provide an 'effective referral'



Referral can be made to a physic Litigation: June 2017 practitioner or as

man, nurse practitioner or agency must be nonobjecting, accessible and available to the patient;



Referral must be made in a timely manner; patient must not suffer adverse outcome due to delay



Additional Resources

FAQs for Patients and Physicians

Medical Assistance in Dying Policy: Frequently Asked Questions



Medical Assistance in Dying Policy: 10 Things The Patient Should Know



Understanding Effective Referrals





When physicians limit the health services they provide for reasons of conscience or religion, the CPSO requires that they provide patients with an 'effective referral'.1 What is an effective referral?

A physician makes an effective referral when he or she takes positive action to ensure the patient is connected in a timely manner to another physician, health care provider, or agency who is non-objecting, accessible and available to the patient.

Respecting Patient Autonomy

An effective referral does not guarantee a patient will receive a treatment, or signal that the objecting physician endorses or supports the treatment. It ensures access to care and demonstrates respect for patient autonomy.

Objective: Ensuring Access to Care,

Medical
Assistance in Dying:
Early Lessons
Learned

Lessons from Coroner's Office



Practice & Compliance Issues

Public & Physician Advisory Services

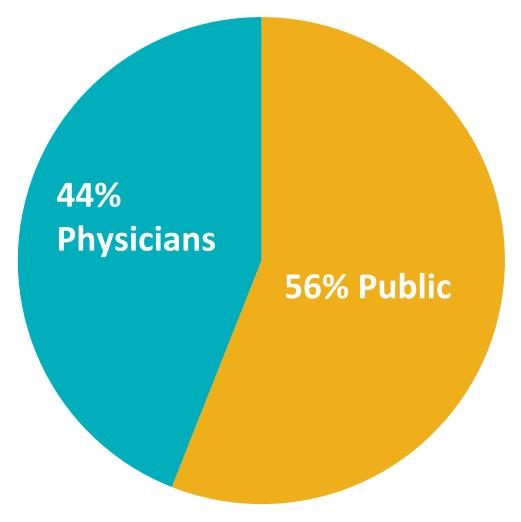
- Calls, queries from the profession and public on MAID
- Total of 681 inquiries
 since April 2016

Office of the Chief Coroner of Ontario

- Oversight and compliance monitoring role
- Tracking trends, practice issues

PPAS MAID Inquiries (since April 1 2016)

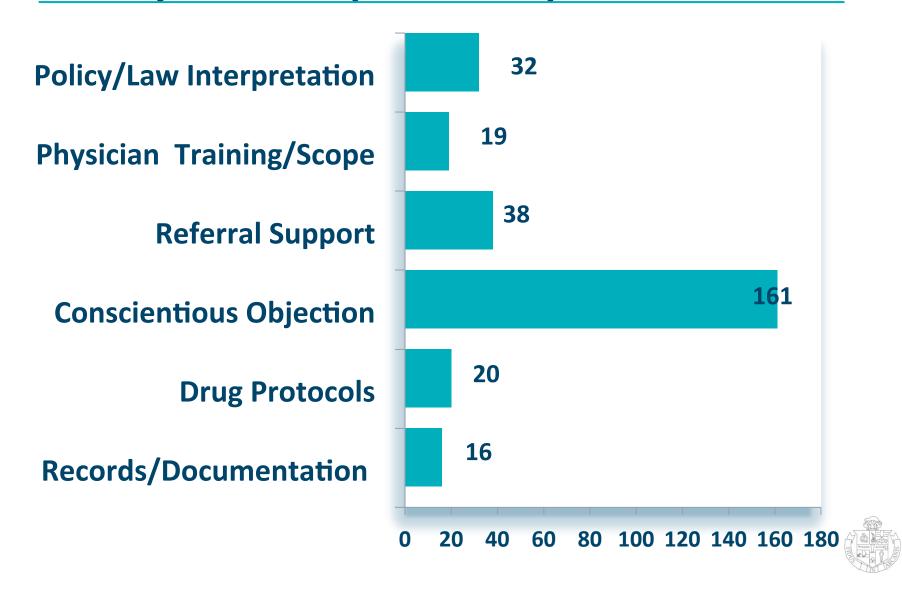


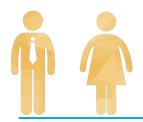




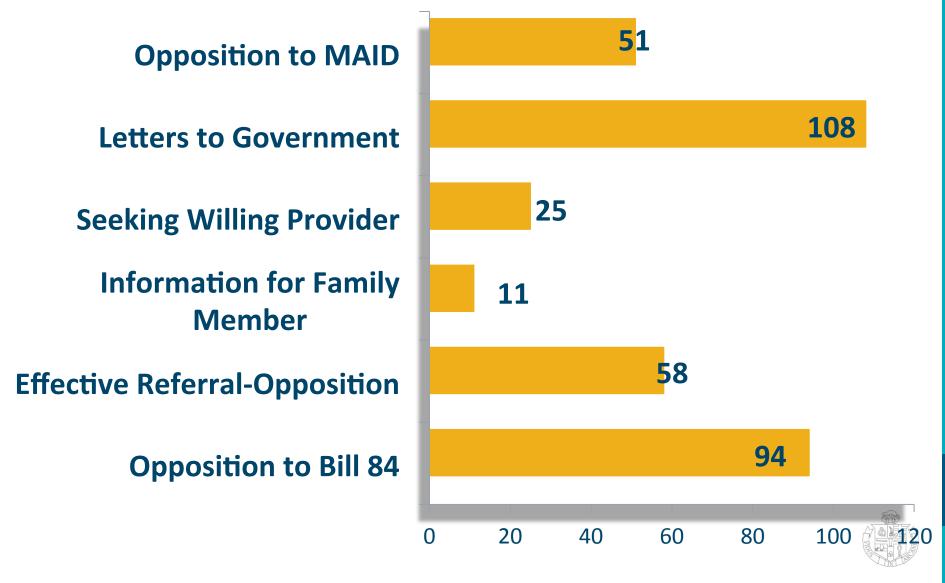


Physician Inquiries: Top Issues





Public Inquiries: Top Issues



Coroner's Office: Key Issues in Practice

→Understanding and applying law and policy

- Documentation: lack of/insufficient documentation
- Witnesses: not independent; not contemporaneous
- Reflection Period: deviation for alternative reasons
- Drug Protocols: lack of awareness of protocols
- Coordination & Communication: amongst providers



Lessons from Coroner's Office



Litigation: Conscient

Two CPSO policies: MAID and Human Rights

Focus: 'Effective Referral' & s.2(a) and s.15(1)

Parties:

- Christian Medical & Dental Society of Canada
- Cdn Federation Intervenors
- Canada Anysicians for Life
- 5 individual physicians (CPSO members)

• CPSO

Date: June 2017; decision on reserve

Superior Court of Justice (Divisional Court)



Litigation: snap shot

Some questions advanced...

Procedural

- Does the Charter apply to the CPSO?
- Are the policies 'ultra vires' CPSO jurisdiction?
- What Standard of Review is applicable?

Substantive

- Does 'effective referral' requirement violate physician Charter rights? [s.2(a) and s.15(1)]
- If so, is it saved by s.1?
- Is 'effective referral' equivalent to performing objectionable procedure?
- Do CPSO policies place physicians in jeopardy: adhere to beliefs or risk regulatory sanction?

Outstanding Issues

- Application & Interpretation of Eligib
 'advanced decline in capability'
 'reasonably
- Access to Care: rural centres, willing providers
- Billing & Fees
- Oral Drugs: access & efficacy
- Data Collection & Oversight
- Mature Minors, Mental Illness, Advance Requests



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